Safe Harbor Statement and Non-GAAP and Forecast Information

This document includes “forward-looking statements,” as that term is defined in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, included or incorporated in this document could be deemed forward-looking statements, particularly statements about the future financial performance of onsemi, including financial guidance for the third quarter of 2023. Forward-looking statements are often characterized by the use of words such as “believes,” “estimates,” “expects,” “projects,” “may,” “will,” “intends,” “plans,” “anticipates,” “should” or similar expressions or by discussions of strategy, plans or intentions. All forward-looking statements in this document are made based on our current expectations, forecasts, estimates and assumptions and involve risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause results or events to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. Certain factors that could affect our future results or events are described under Part I, Item 1A “Risk Factors” in the 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) on February 6, 2023 (the “2022 Form 10-K”) and from time to time in our other SEC reports. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. We assume no obligation to update such information, which speaks only as of the date made, except as may be required by law. Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk and uncertainty, and you should carefully consider the trends, risks and uncertainties described in this document, our 2022 Form 10-K and other reports filed with or furnished to the SEC before making any investment decision with respect to our securities. If any of these trends, risks or uncertainties actually occurs or continues, our business, financial condition or operating results could be materially adversely affected, the trading prices of our securities could decline, and you could lose all or part of your investment. All forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement.
onsemi at a glance

S&P 500® index 500
Fortune 500® company

100
Nasdaq 100® company

64B
Units shipping in 2022

37K+
Portfolio SKUs

$8.3B
2022 Revenue

26%
Revenue CAGR

~33K
Employees Worldwide

19
Manufacturing Sites in
9 Countries

10x
Increase in Free Cash Flow

3.7x
Operating Income Growth

Notes: Revenue CAGR from 2020-2022, Free Cash Flow Growth and Operating Income Growth from 2019 - 2022,
The onsemi Mission

We push innovation to create intelligent power and sensing technologies that solve the most challenging customer problems.

Our employees are inspired to go above and beyond, to increase stakeholder value through high quality and high value products and services.
Enabling a Sustainable Ecosystem

**INTELLIGENT POWER SOLUTIONS** enable customers to exceed range targets with lower weight, and reduce system cost through unparalleled efficiency.

**INTELLIGENT SENSING SOLUTIONS** offer the proprietary features customers require to meet their most demanding use cases.
Based on current market projections, ‘22 – ‘27
See Slide 23 for notes

$43B TAM growing at ~16% CAGR
Enabling a Sustainable Ecosystem
Premium Business in Intelligent Power and Sensing

**Intelligent Power**

- **Silicon Carbide**
  - Revenue growing >2x market at 70%
  - Vertically integrated manufacturing at scale
  - Industry-leading innovative device and packaging technologies

- **Silicon Power – IGBT, FET**
  - #2 position with growing market share
  - Expanding BOM coverage with new products
  - Exited price-sensitive markets

- **Power ICs**
  - Double down on $14B TAM with >70% gross margin
  - Optimize system cost with gate drivers and controllers
  - Expand leadership to full Power Tree solutions

**Intelligent Sensing**

- #1 position in Auto and Industrial
- Growing in Machine Vision
- 68% market share in ADAS, 27% market share in Industrial
- 8MP ramping with ~2.5x ASP uplift
- #1 in Ultrasonic and Inductive Sensing for Automotive and Industrial
- Delivering high margins and the most profitable sensor business in the industry

Notes: See Slide 23 for notes
Premium Businesses Driving Premium Results

- Sustainable Ecosystem
- Premium Markets
- Premium Businesses
- Premium Products
- Premium Results

- Revenue Growth ~3x Market
- Accelerating Free Cash Flow
- Shareholder Value
- Expanding Gross Margin
- Shareholder Capital Return
Accelerating Shareholder Value

Revenue
- Sustainable Ecosystem to drive revenue 3x the industry growth\(^1\)
- Aligned to fast-growing secular megatrends of auto and industrial
- SiC growth 2x the industry at 70%; 35-40% market share\(^2\)

Shareholder Capital Returns
- Shareholder-friendly capital allocation policy
- Return 50% of Free Cash Flow through share repurchases
- $3.0B share repurchase authorization

Free Cash Flow
- Significant growth in Free Cash Flow margin to 25-30%\(^3\)
- Capital efficiency through high ROIC investments and working capital management
- $3.5-4.0B in Free Cash Flow in 2027\(^3\)

Gross Margin
- Significant gross margin expansion to 53%
- Fab Right: optimize manufacturing network for cost efficiencies. Maximize utilization with flex to external capacity
- Accretive SiC margins at scale
  Ramp new and differentiated products

Notes:
1. onsemi estimates based on current market projections, excludes Memory
2. Yole SiC market forecast: 2022-27 CAGR of 33%
3. onsemi estimates based on current market projections
Sustainable Ecosystem to Drive ~3x the Market Growth

**Intelligent Power**
- SiC growth 2x the industry at 70%; 35-40% market share\(^1\)
- Si Power – IGBT, FET share gain in Auto & Industrial
- Accelerate Power IC growth with controllers and gate drivers

**Intelligent Sensing**
- Grow in machine vision for auto and industrial
- Advanced safety for ADAS and in-cabin vision
- Factory Automation
- Opportunistic in human vision applications

**Other**
- Attractive cash flow businesses
- BOM indispensability and complementarity

Notes:
1. Yole SiC market forecast: 2022-27 CAGR of 33%
onsemi estimates based on current market projections
Automotive and Industrial markets to Fuel ~3X Market Growth

- **Automotive**
  - Electrification – SiC & IGBT
  - Increasing ADAS Adoption
  - Power Management for LED and Advanced Safety

- **Industrial**
  - Energy Infrastructure
  - Factory Automation
  - EV Charging

- **Other**
  - 5G & Cloud Power growing at 22%
  - Engage with Strategic market leaders opportunistically with value driven solutions
  - No investment in broad markets

Notes: onsemi estimates based on current market projections
onsemi SiC Leadership: EliteSiC Advantage

SiC growing 2x the industry at 70%; 35-40% market share by 2027\(^1\)

**SUPPLY**
- Vertically integrated end-to-end capabilities
- Volume substrates, epitaxy, wafering & device fabrication
- Best-in-class integrated modules and discrete package solutions

**SCALE**
- A multi-decade history in Auto and Industrial markets
- High-quality, high-volume manufacturing
- Able to ramp in line with customer expectations

**SUPERIOR TECHNOLOGY**
- Lead with die performance
- Differentiate with package innovation
- Die + Package = THE most optimal solution on the planet

**SCOPE**
- Suite of sustainable solutions from energy generation to energy consumption
- Depth and breadth of power technologies
- Supporting portfolio for optimized solutions

Notes:
1. Yole SiC market forecast: 2022-27 CAGR of 33%
Our Next Milestone: Expand Gross Margin to 53%

Mix / New Products
- Continued mix shift to Auto & Industrial
- Ramp new and differentiated products at margins above target

Silicon Carbide (SiC)
- Accretive margins at scale
- Absorption of startup costs
- SiC growing 2x market¹

Fab Right
- Optimize manufacturing network for cost efficiency
- $160M in fixed-cost savings from four Fab divestitures in 2022
- Maximize utilization across network with flex to external capacity

Notes:  
1. Yole SiC market forecast: 2022-27 CAGR of 33%  
2027 Target based on onsemi internal estimates
## Accelerating the Financial Model

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2022 Actual</th>
<th>2027 Target</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Revenue</strong></td>
<td>$8.3B</td>
<td>10-12% CAGR</td>
<td>• Grow at ~3x the semiconductor industry</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Gross Margin**   | 49.2%       | 53%         | • Mix shift, new products & SiC ramp at accretive margins  
|                    |             |             | • Optimize cost through Fab Right |
| **Operating Expenses** | 14.7%     | 13%         | • Invest in R&D for long-term growth  
|                    |             |             | • Digital First - embrace new technologies & data analytics |
| **Operating Margin** | 34.5%     | 40%         | • Grow Operating Income faster than Revenue |
| **CapEx**          | 12%         | 11%         | • Market success drives investments  
|                    |             |             | • High ROIC brownfield investments |
| **Free Cash Flow** | 20%         | 25-30%      | • $3.5-$4.0B of Free Cash Flow in 2027  
|                    |             |             | • Return 50% to shareholders |

Notes: 
- 2027 Target based on onsemi internal estimates
onsemi’s Path to Net Zero by 2040

Greenhouse Gas Emissions
- Near-term targets to be published in 2024
- 21% YoY Scope 2 emissions reduction in 2022

Energy Savings
- Fab Right Energy Savings of 18% in kWh/Wafer by 2027
- 18% savings by 2027

Water
- 42% water recycled in 2022
- 19% YoY water withdrawal reduction in 2022

Waste
- 70% waste diverted from landfill in 2022
- 23% YoY waste Reduction in 2022

SBTi Letter signed December 2022

View the 2022 onsemi Sustainability Report at: https://www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/sustainability-report.pdf

Notes: See Slide 23 for notes
Q2’23 Financial Results
News Highlights from the Quarter

- Vitesco Technologies and onsemi sign SiC long-term supply agreement and agree to invest in SiC technology capacity.
- BorgWarner will integrate onsemi EliteSiC 1200 V and 750 V power devices into its VIPER power modules for traction inverter solutions to increase performance of electric vehicles.
- onsemi Selected by Nasdaq for 100 Index.
- New onsemi Hyperlux Image Sensor Family Leads the Way in Next-Generation ADAS to Make Cars Safer.
- onsemi Ships One Billionth Inductive Sensor IC to HELLA.
- onsemi Launched End-to-End Positioning System to Enable Accurate, More Power-Efficient Asset Tracking.
- onsemi and ZEEKR Sign Long-Term Supply Agreement for Silicon Carbide Power Devices.
- Penn State and onsemi sign MOU to boost silicon carbide research in the U.S.
- onsemi Launches Simulation Tools to Bring Complex Power Electronics Applications to Market Faster.
- onsemi Second Quarter 2023 Results Exceed Expectations.
- onsemi Honored with Supplier of the Year 2022 Award by Hyundai Motor Group.
- onsemi Named to Barron’s 2023 List of 100 Most Sustainable Companies in the U.S.
- Newest 8 Megapixel onsemi Image Sensor Achieves Stunning 4K Video Quality.
- onsemi and Sineng Electric Spearhead the Development of Sustainable Energy Applications.

Visit our Press and News Room: https://www.onsemi.com/company/news-media
## Non-GAAP Financial Performance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2021 Actual</th>
<th>2022 Actual</th>
<th>Q1'23</th>
<th>Q2'23</th>
<th>Q3'23 Guide</th>
<th>2027 Target</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenue ($) millions</td>
<td>6,739.8</td>
<td>8,326.2</td>
<td>1,959.7</td>
<td>2,094.4</td>
<td>2,095 to 2,195</td>
<td>10-12% CAGR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross Margin</td>
<td>40.4%</td>
<td>49.2%</td>
<td>46.8%</td>
<td>47.4%</td>
<td>46.0% to 48.0%</td>
<td>53%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Expenses</td>
<td>1,241.5</td>
<td>1,225.2</td>
<td>286.0</td>
<td>305.5</td>
<td>300 to 315</td>
<td>13%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Margin</td>
<td>21.9%</td>
<td>34.5%</td>
<td>32.2%</td>
<td>32.8%</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capex ($) millions</td>
<td>444.6</td>
<td>1,005.0</td>
<td>321.5</td>
<td>430.6</td>
<td>440 to 480</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTM Free Cash Flow</td>
<td>19.8%</td>
<td>19.6%</td>
<td>16.9%</td>
<td>14.0%</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>25-30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earnings per Share</td>
<td>$2.95</td>
<td>$5.33</td>
<td>$1.19</td>
<td>$1.33</td>
<td>$1.27 to $1.41</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Automotive and Industrial end-markets contribute record 80% of revenue**
**Automotive revenue exceeds $1B**

**2023 is a transition year for gross margin**
**Q2'23 gross margin at high end of guidance**

**Tight cost management in soft business environment**

**Opex management offsets the impact of gross margin transition**

**Enabling 300mm and SiC capabilities**
**Capex to be high teens for 2023**

**Committed to capital returns. Returned $60M to shareholders via buyback in Q2'23**

**EPS Significantly exceeded high end of guidance**

Our earnings release and this presentation include certain non-GAAP financial measures. Reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable measures under GAAP are included in our earnings release, which is posted separately on our website in the “Investor Relations” section. See Appendix for GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation.
### Q3’23 Guidance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>GAAP</th>
<th>Special Items**</th>
<th>Non GAAP***</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Revenue</strong></td>
<td>$2,095 to $2,195 million</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$2,095 to $2,195 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Gross Margin</strong></td>
<td>45.9% to 47.9%</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>46.0% to 48.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operating Expenses</strong></td>
<td>$314 to $329 million</td>
<td>$14 million</td>
<td>$300 to $315 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other Income and Expense (including interest expense), net</strong></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diluted Earnings Per Share</strong></td>
<td>$1.21 to $1.35</td>
<td>$0.06</td>
<td>$1.27 to $1.41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>**Diluted Share Count ***</td>
<td>450 million</td>
<td>11 million</td>
<td>439 million</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Notes to Q3’23 Guidance

Diluted shares outstanding can vary as a result of, among other things, the actual exercise of options or vesting of restricted stock units, the incremental dilutive shares from the convertible senior subordinated notes, and the repurchase or the issuance of stock or convertible notes or the sale of treasury shares. In periods when the quarterly average stock price per share exceeds $20.72 for the 1.625% Notes, $52.97 for the 0% Notes, and $103.87 for the 0.50% Notes, the non-GAAP diluted share count and non-GAAP net income per share include the anti-dilutive impact of the hedge transactions entered concurrently with the 1.625% Notes, the 0% Notes, and the 0.50% Notes, respectively. At an average stock price per share between $20.72 and $30.70 for the 1.625% Notes, $52.97 and $74.34 for the 0% Notes, and $103.87 and $156.78 for the 0.50% Notes, the hedging activity offsets the potentially dilutive effect of the 1.625% Notes, the 0% Notes, and the 0.50% Notes, respectively. In periods when the quarterly average stock price exceeds $30.70 for the 1.625% Notes, $74.34 for the 0% Notes, and $156.78 for the 0.50% Notes, the dilutive impact of the warrants issued concurrently with such notes are included in the diluted shares outstanding. GAAP and non-GAAP diluted share counts are based on either the previous quarter’s average stock price or the stock price as of the last day of the previous quarter, whichever is higher.

Special items may include: amortization of acquisition-related intangibles; expensing of appraised inventory fair market value step-up; non-recurring facility costs; in-process research and development expenses; restructuring, asset impairments and other, net; goodwill impairment charges; gains and losses on debt prepayment; actuarial (gains) losses on pension plans and other pension benefits; and certain other special items, as necessary. These special items are out of our control and could change significantly from period to period. As a result, we are not able to reasonably estimate and separately present the individual impact or probable significance of these special items, and we are similarly unable to provide a reconciliation of the non-GAAP measures. The reconciliation that is unavailable would include a forward-looking income statement, balance sheet and statement of cash flows in accordance with GAAP. For this reason, we use a projected range of the aggregate amount of special items in order to calculate our projected non-GAAP operating expense outlook.

We believe these non-GAAP measures provide important supplemental information to investors. We use these measures, together with GAAP measures, for internal managerial purposes and as a means to evaluate period-to-period comparisons. However, we do not, and you should not, rely on non-GAAP financial measures alone as measures of our performance. We believe that non-GAAP financial measures reflect an additional way of viewing aspects of our operations that, when taken together with GAAP results and the reconciliations to corresponding GAAP financial measures that we also provide in our releases, provide a more complete understanding of factors and trends affecting our business. Because non-GAAP financial measures are not standardized, it may not be possible to compare these financial measures with other companies’ non-GAAP financial measures, even if they have similar names.
# Appendix: GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation

## GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation

**Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Net Income Attributable to ON Semiconductor Corporation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>FY2021</th>
<th>FY2022</th>
<th>Q1'23</th>
<th>Q2'23</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GAAP net income attributable to ON Semiconductor Corporation</td>
<td>$1,009.6</td>
<td>$1,902.2</td>
<td>$461.7</td>
<td>$576.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets</td>
<td>99.0</td>
<td>82.8</td>
<td>16.4</td>
<td>13.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) Restructuring, asset impairments and other, net</td>
<td>71.4</td>
<td>17.9</td>
<td>51.5</td>
<td>2.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c) Goodwill and intangible asset impairment</td>
<td>2.9</td>
<td>386.8</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d) Third party acquisition and divestiture-related costs</td>
<td>11.9</td>
<td>12.9</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>(1.4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e) Non-recurring facility costs</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f) Loss on debt refinancing and prepayment</td>
<td>29.0</td>
<td>7.1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>g) Actuarial gains (losses) on pension plans and other pension benefits</td>
<td>(16.7)</td>
<td>(22.0)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>h) Non-cash interest on convertible notes</td>
<td>24.7</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i) (Gain) loss on divestiture of a business</td>
<td>(10.2)</td>
<td>(67.0)</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>(0.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>j) Adjustment of income taxes</td>
<td>58.4</td>
<td>14.3</td>
<td>(18.3)</td>
<td>(5.6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>k) Impact of business wind down</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>12.7</td>
<td>(2.1)</td>
<td>(1.8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>l) Litigation settlement</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>m) Amortization of fair market value step-up of inventory</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n) Indemnification gain</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o) Loss on debt repurchase or exchange</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>13.3</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non-GAAP Net Income Attributable to ON Semiconductor Corporation</strong></td>
<td>$1,285.5</td>
<td>$2,347.7</td>
<td>$523.7</td>
<td>$583.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Diluted Shares Outstanding:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>FY2021</th>
<th>FY2022</th>
<th>Q1'23</th>
<th>Q2'23</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GAAP diluted shares outstanding</td>
<td>$443.8</td>
<td>$448.2</td>
<td>$448.5</td>
<td>$448.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less: dilutive shares attributable to convertible notes</td>
<td>(8.6)</td>
<td>(7.0)</td>
<td>(9.4)</td>
<td>(10.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add: dilutive shares attributable to share-based awards</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non-GAAP Diluted Shares Outstanding</strong></td>
<td>$435.2</td>
<td>$441.2</td>
<td>$439.1</td>
<td>$438.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Non-GAAP Diluted Earnings Per Share:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>FY2021</th>
<th>FY2022</th>
<th>Q1'23</th>
<th>Q2'23</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-GAAP net income for diluted earnings per share</td>
<td>$1,285.5</td>
<td>$2,349.6</td>
<td>$524.1</td>
<td>$583.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-GAAP diluted shares outstanding</td>
<td>435.2</td>
<td>441.2</td>
<td>439.1</td>
<td>438.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non-GAAP Diluted Earnings Per Share</strong></td>
<td>$2.95</td>
<td>$5.33</td>
<td>$1.19</td>
<td>$1.33</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Gross Margin:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY2021</th>
<th>FY2022</th>
<th>Q1'23</th>
<th>Q2'23</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gross Margin</td>
<td>40.3%</td>
<td>49.0%</td>
<td>46.8%</td>
<td>47.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) Impact of business wind down</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>-0.1%</td>
<td>-0.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c) Non-recurring facility costs</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d) Amortization of fair market value step-up of inventory</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-GAAP Gross Margin</td>
<td>40.4%</td>
<td>49.2%</td>
<td>46.8%</td>
<td>47.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Operating Expenses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY2021</th>
<th>FY2022</th>
<th>Q1'23</th>
<th>Q2'23</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating Expenses</td>
<td>$1,426.7</td>
<td>$1,717.2</td>
<td>$352.6</td>
<td>$318.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets</td>
<td>(99.0)</td>
<td>(81.2)</td>
<td>(15.0)</td>
<td>(12.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) Restructuring, asset impairments and other, net</td>
<td>(71.4)</td>
<td>(17.9)</td>
<td>(51.5)</td>
<td>(2.6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c) Goodwill and intangible asset impairment</td>
<td>(2.9)</td>
<td>(386.8)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d) Third party acquisition and divestiture-related costs</td>
<td>(11.9)</td>
<td>(12.9)</td>
<td>(6.1)</td>
<td>1.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e) Impact of business wind down</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>6.8</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f) Litigation settlement</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-GAAP Operating Expenses</td>
<td>$1,241.5</td>
<td>$1,225.2</td>
<td>$286.0</td>
<td>$305.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Operating Income:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY2021</th>
<th>FY2022</th>
<th>Q1'23</th>
<th>Q2'23</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating Income</td>
<td>$1,287.6</td>
<td>$2,360.0</td>
<td>$564.9</td>
<td>$674.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets</td>
<td>99.0</td>
<td>82.8</td>
<td>16.4</td>
<td>13.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) Restructuring, asset impairments and other, net</td>
<td>71.4</td>
<td>17.9</td>
<td>51.5</td>
<td>2.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c) Goodwill and intangible asset impairment</td>
<td>2.9</td>
<td>386.8</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d) Third party acquisition and divestiture-related costs</td>
<td>11.9</td>
<td>12.9</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>(1.4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e) Non-recurring facility costs</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>12.7</td>
<td>(2.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f) Impact of business wind down</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>12.7</td>
<td>(2.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>g) Amortization of fair market value step-up of inventory</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>h) Litigation settlement</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-GAAP Operating Income</td>
<td>$1,478.3</td>
<td>$2,873.1</td>
<td>$630.8</td>
<td>$687.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### App. LTM Free Cash Flow

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY2021</th>
<th>FY2022</th>
<th>Q1'23</th>
<th>Q2'23</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LTM Free Cash Flow</td>
<td>$1,337.4</td>
<td>$1,626.1</td>
<td>$1,410.7</td>
<td>$1,158.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTM Revenue</td>
<td>6,739.9</td>
<td>8,326.2</td>
<td>8,340.9</td>
<td>8,350.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTM Cash Flow Margin</td>
<td>19.8%</td>
<td>19.6%</td>
<td>16.9%</td>
<td>14.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Notes & Sources

Sustainable Ecosystem ‘22-‘27 TAM CAGRs (Slide 6)
- onsemi estimates based on current market projections
- LMC Automotive: Global Hybrid & Electric Vehicle Forecast -Quarter 4, 2022
- Omdia: Power IC Market Tracker, Sep’22
- $43B TAM for sustainable ecosystem for onsemi estimates based on current market projections and expected to grow at 16%. (‘22-‘27)
- Semiconductor TAM, excludes memory and expected to grow at ~4%

Enabling a Sustainable Ecosystem: Premium Business in Intelligent Power and Sensing (Slide 7)
- onsemi estimates
- Omdia: 1Q23 -Semiconductor Device Data By Application Markets
- Omdia: Industrial Semiconductor Market Tracker ~3Q22 Database, Jan’23
- Yole: Imaging for Automotive 2022
- LMC Automotive: Global Hybrid & Electric Vehicle Forecast-Quarter 4, 2022
- Omdia: Power IC Market Tracker, Sep’22
- Yole: Silicon Carbide Forecast 2023
- Bank of America Research
- Yole: 2022-27 SiCmarket forecast of 33% CAGR
- TSR: Automotive Camera Market Analysis 2021-2022

onsemi’s Path to net Zero (Slide 15)
- Scope 2 Emissions normalized by annual revenue (Metric Tons CO2e per $ Million Revenue); 2022 GHG data has received limited assurance
- Total Water Withdrawal normalized by annual revenue (Megaliters per $ Million Revenue)
- Total Waste Generation normalized by annual revenue (Metric Ton Waste per $ Million Revenue)
- Projected Energy Savings based on internal estimate